

1. Given  $a=b^x$ , match each vocabulary term with the appropriate variable or expression.

Base: b                      Exponent: x                      Power: a

2. List the restrictions OR describe all the possible values for each of the variables in  $a=b^x$ . (\*Hint: Is there any value that x cannot possibly be? b? a?)

a:  $a > 0$   
b:  $b > 0$  but  $b \neq 1$   
x: All real numbers

3. Given  $\log_b a = x$ , match each vocabulary term with the appropriate variable or expression.

Base: b                      Exponent: x                      Power: a

4. List the restrictions OR describe all the possible values for each of the variables in  $\log_b a = x$ . (\*Hint: Is there any value that x cannot possibly be? b? a?)

a:  $a > 0$   
b:  $b > 0$  but  $b \neq 1$   
x: All real numbers

5. When you are evaluating a logarithm, what are you solving for? That is, what does your answer represent?

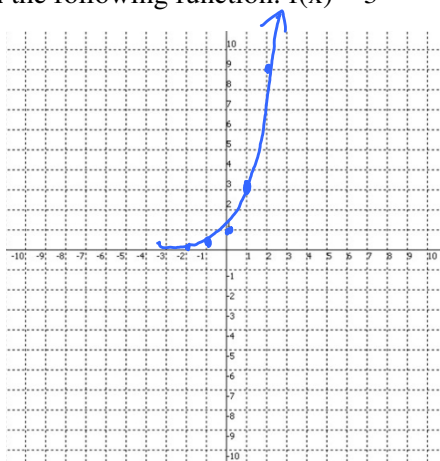
The answer represents the exponent you were trying to find.

6. The function  $f(x) = 2^x$  has a domain of  $(-\infty, \infty)$  and a range of  $(0, \infty)$ . The inverse of  $f(x)$  would be  $g(x) = \log_2 x$ . List the domain and range of  $g(x)$ .

Domain:  $(0, \infty)$                       Range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

7. Complete the provided table of values and graph the following function:  $f(x) = 3^x$

x	y
-3	$\frac{1}{27}$
-2	$\frac{1}{9}$
-1	$\frac{1}{3}$
0	1
1	3
2	9
3	27



8. List all the key characteristics of the exponential function  $f(x) = 3^x$ .

Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

y-intercept:  $(0, 1)$

Range:  $(0, \infty)$

x-intercept(s): None

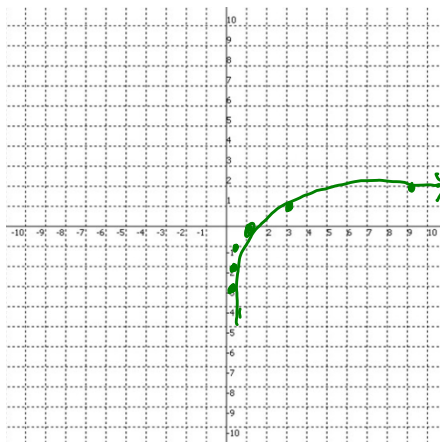
Interval of Increasing/Decreasing:  $(-\infty, \infty)$  (Increasing)

Asymptote(s): Horizontal  $y = 0$

End Behavior:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$      $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$

9. Graph the inverse function of  $f(x) = 3^x$ .

x	y
$\frac{1}{27}$	-3
$\frac{1}{9}$	-2
$\frac{1}{3}$	-1
1	0
3	1
9	2
27	3



10. List all the key characteristics of the inverse function. (Which is actually  $g(x) = \log_3(x)$ )

Domain:  $(0, \infty)$

y-intercept: None

Range:  $(-\infty, \infty)$

x-intercept(s):  $(1, 0)$

Interval of Increasing/Decreasing:  $(0, \infty)$  (Increasing)

Asymptote(s): Vertical  $x = 0$

End Behavior:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$      $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = -\infty$

Rewrite the equations in exponential form.

11.  $\log_4 256 = 4$

$4^4 = 256$

12.  $\log_{109} 1 = 0$

$109^0 = 1$

13.  $\log_{35} 35 = 1$

$35^1 = 35$

14.  $\log_{\frac{1}{5}} 25 = -2$

$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-2} = 25$

Rewrite the equations in logarithmic form.

15.  $6^3 = 216$

$\log_6 216 = 3$

16.  $4^{-2} = \frac{1}{16}$

$\log_4 \frac{1}{16} = -2$

17.  $3 = 27^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$\log_{27} 3 = \frac{1}{3}$

Evaluate each logarithm.

18.  $\log_2 32 = x$

$2^x = 32$

$2^x = 2^5$

$x = 5$

19.  $\log_9 27 = x$

$9^x = 27$

$2x = 3$

$3^{2x} = 3^3$

$x = \frac{3}{2}$

20.  $\log_3 \frac{1}{9} = x$

$3^x = \frac{1}{9}$

$3^x = 3^{-2}$

$3^x = 3^{-2}$

$x = -2$

21.  $\log_{64} 2 = x$

$64^x = 2$

$2^{6x} = 2^1$

$6x = 1$

$x = \frac{1}{6}$

22.  $\log_{\frac{1}{5}} 125 = x$

$\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x = 125$

$5^{-x} = 5^3$

$-x = 3$

$x = -3$

23.  $\log_5 625 = x$

$5^x = 625$

$5^x = 5^4$

$x = 4$

Use your calculator to evaluate the logarithm. Round to the nearest thousandth.

24.  $\log -16$

DNE

25.  $\log 22$

1.342

26.  $\log .983$

-.007