Mythology Key Terms Review

Handout:	vered: Archetypes Archetypal Classifications	Items that are NOT highlighted will not b
Handout:	"The Matriarchal Society"	tested.
Notes:	Common Elements in Creation	n Myths testea.
Notes:	Characteristics of Heroes / He	eroines (Hero Wheel)
Notes:	Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs	5
•	et Atwood's, The Penelopiad	
	Folkien's, The Hobbit	
Textbook Ch	apters:	
• Ch. 1: V	Vhat is Myth?	
• Ch. 2: V	ays of Understanding Myth	
• Ch. 3: C	reek Creation Stories	
• Ch. 4: C	vid's Creation Story	
• Ch. 11: (Dvid's Flood Story	
	ne Prose Edda's Creation Stories	
• Ch. 9: R	agnarok	
	The Heroes of the <i>Prose Eddas</i>	
Key Terms:		
Archetypes		Concept of "Strife"
Urban Legend		Greek "Ages of Man"
Paratactic Story	elling	Roman "Ages of Man"
Syntactic Storyt		Golden Age
Works and Days		Carl Jung
Theogony		Abraham Maslow
Metamorphoses		The Hero with a Thousand Faces
Creation Myths		Rites of Passage
Babylon	an	Joseph Campbell
• Greek		Call to Adventure
• Roman		Supernatural Aid
Insight Obtained	l from Myth	Crossing the Threshold
 Aetiolog 	ical	Separation or Departure
Anthrop	ological	Trials and Victories
Cosmolo	gical	In the Belly of the Whale
Historica	l	The Meeting with the Goddess
• Metaphy	sical	Woman as the Temptress
Psycholo		Atonement with the Father
 Sociolog 	e	Return Apotheosis
		The Ultimate Boon

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Greek Gods

Heaven / Ouranos Earth / Gaia Cronus / Kronos (Titan) Ocean (Titan) Tethys (Titan) Hyperion (Titan) Mnemosyne (Titan) Themis (Titan) Iapetus (Titan) Epimetheus (Titan) Prometheus (Titan) Zeus **Poseidon** Hades Hera **Aphrodite** Cupid Artemis **Hermes** Hestia Pallas Athena Phoebus Apollo Ares **Hephaestus Dionysus Demeter**

Norse Mythology

Snorri Sturluson Prose Edda **Ginnungagap Ymir** Asgard Æsir land of Niflheim land of Muspellsheim **Midgard** Land of the dead <mark>Valhalla</mark> **Yggdrasil** Spring of Mimir Thor Odin Freyja **Frigga** Hel **Tyr** Balder

Heroes / Heroines

Icarus Daedalus Jason Heracles/Hercules **Perseus Theseus** Orpheus Medea Homer Paris Helen **Hector Paris Achilles** Agamemnon Ajax Judgment of Paris **Menelaus Odysseus Penelope** Telemachus **Golden Fleece Nymphs** Oracle at Delphi

Miscellaneous

Chaos Erebus Elysian Fields Underworld River Cocytus Mt. Olympus Iliad Odyssey

Harpies Argo Amazons Pegasus 12 Labors Aegis Pandora Cerberus Charon Minotaur Medusa

Ragnarok Norns Niflheim Valkyries Loki Fenrir Midgard Serpent Sigurd Brunhild Fafnir Ring of Fire Gudrun GunnaR

Review Packet for Mythology Final Exam

Answer the following questions as completely as necessary in order to show you grasp the concept.

Intro/Psychology of Myth

1. How does literature relate to mythology?

All literature has its roots in mythology.

2. Why does man create myth?

MYTHS ANSWER QUESTIONS, SUCH AS "WHY DO I DIE?" OR "WHAT HAPPENS TO ME AFTER I DIE?" BY STUDYING MYTH, MAN CAN SEE THE HISTORY OF LITERATURE TODAY. ARCHETYPES HELP MAN TO BETTER UNDERSTAND WHAT WE READ.

3. What does man hope to achieve through myth?

An understanding of higher truths and universal principles.

4. What is the rationalization of myth?

MAKING MYTHS MAKE SENSE. PREVENT IN CULTURES WHERE TWO RELIGIOUS SYSTEMS COMPETE.

5. In addition to speaking to man's dreams and wishes, myths also speak to man's ____FLAWS____

6. What is an archetype? Why do they exist?

PATTERS OF HUMAN EXPERIENCE THAT ARE REPEATED IN LITERATURE. THEY EXIST AS A PRODUCT OF ANCESTRAL EXPERIENCE.

• Why is it important in mythology?

BY STUDYING MYTH, MAN CAN SEE THE HISTORY OF LITERATURE TODAY. ARCHETYPES HELP MAN TO BETTER UNDERSTAND WHAT WE READ.

- 7. Who was Carl Jung? SWISS PSYCHOANALYST, STUDENT OF FREUD
 - What theory did he develop? COLLECTIVE UNCONSCIOUS
 - How does it relate to myth? THE COLLECTIVE UNCONSCIOUS IS MADE UP OF ARCHETYPES THAT ARE TRANSMITTED THROUGH MAN'S STORIES- MYTHS.

- How do dreams relate to mythology? MAN'S FIRST STORIES WERE DREAMS. IN DREAMS WE TAP INTO THE COLLECTIVE UNCONSCIOUS.

8. According the Jung, why is the study of mythology important?

STUDYING MYTHS NOT ONLY HELPS US UNDERSTAND LITERATURE, BUT ALSO HELPS US UNDERSTAND OURSELVES.

- 9. What is the collective unconscious? THEORY THAT ASSERTS THAT HUMANS SHARE A COMMON PRIMAL MEMORY THAT EXPLAINS THE EXISTENCE OF ARCHETYPES.
- 10. Who was Joseph Campbell? MYTHOLOGIAN RESPONSIBLE FOR USING ARCHETYPES IN RELATION TO ANALYZING MYTHOLOGY AND LITERATURE.
 - Why is he important to mythology? **DEVELOPED THE MONOMYTH CYCLE- THE HERO'S JOURNEY**
- 11. Who was Abraham Maslow?

DEVELOPED BY MASLOW TO EXPLAIN THE PATH TO REACHING ONES FULL HUMAN POTENTIAL.

Creation:

12. What does Hesiod write about in

- *Theogony:* CONTAIN SCIENTIFIC AND MYTHOLOGICAL EXPLANATIONS OF THE CREATION OF THE WORLD.
- Works and Days: WORK THAT ILLUSTRATES HOW THE GODS WITHHOLD THINGS FROM HUMANS.
- 13. What was Ovid's poem written to illustrate? THE THEME OF CHANGE
- 14. Provide THREE examples of change in *The Metamorphoses*. JOVE TURNING LYCOAN INTO A WEREWOLF; FORCE OF REASON BRINGING ORDER TO CHAOS; PYRRHA AND DEUCALION THROWING STONES AND THE STONES TURING INTO HUMANS; NEPTUNE FLOODING THE EARTH, ETC.
- 15. The combination of what four elements created the universe, according to the Romans? EARTH, AIR, FIRE, WATER

16. How does Ovid's version differ from Hesiod's? HESIOD'S PURPOSE IS TO OUTLINE PRINCIPLES THAT GOVERN **UNIVERSE: OVID'S PURPOSE IS TO ENTERTAIN.**

17. Identify how each of the following cultures view chaos:

- Greeks- GAP, VOID
- Romans- CRUDE, CONFUSED, SCUMBLED ELEMENTS
- Norse- ENORMOUS GAP

18. Identify how humans were created in Norse mythology? ODIN BREATHES LIFE INTO AN ASH AND AN ELM TREE

Destruction:

- 19. What is the most common form of destruction in mythology? **FLOOD**
- 20. What is the new message written within all myths of destruction? MESSAGE OF REBIRTH AND HOPE
- 21. What do destruction myths represent? **REFINEMENT ON CREATION**
- 22. What typically follows destruction? **REBIRTH/RENEWAL**

The Hero's Journey:

- 23. Symbolically, what does the hero seek and find on his quest? DEATHLESSNESS, IMMORTALITY
- 24. Typically, heroes embody the highest **IDEALS** of a culture.
- 25. According to Tolkien, what does the following quote mean and how does it connect to The Hobbit? "Not all those who wander are lost." THERE IS ALWAYS MEANING IN OUR JOURNEY THROUGH LIFE, EVEN WHEN IT SEEMS AS IF WE HAVE LOST OUR WAY. NO JOURNEY HAS A STRAIGHT PATH. SO WE LEARN MOST ABOUT OURSELVES IN THOSE DETOURS.

26. What type of assistance does the hero usually get? WOMAN AS GODDESS, SUPERNATURAL AID, ETC.

The Greeks: Identify the following gods/goddesses/heroes 2-3 facts about them.

- 27. Gaia: MOTHER EARTH, WIFE OF OURANOS.
- 28. Ouranos: FATHER SKY, SHOVED HIS KIDS INTO HIS WIFE.
- 29. Kronos: TITAN, EMASCULATES HIS FATHER, OURANOS, ZEUS'S FATHER
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30. Zeus: FATHER OF THE GREEK GODS AND IMMORTALS, GOD OF THUNDER, HUSBAND TO HERA, PROMISCUOUS.

- 31. Perseus: EARLIEST GREEK HERO, SLEW THE MEDUSA
- 32. Poseidon: GOD OF THE SEA, ZEUS'S BROTHER
- 33. Hera: QUEEN OF THE GODS, WIFE TO ZEUS, GODDESS OF MARRIAGE.
- 34. Andromeda: SAVED BY PERSEUS. SHE WAS BEING SACRIFIES TO A MONSTER SENT BY POSEIDON BECAUSE HE WAS ANGRY THAT CASSIOPEIA, ANDROMEDA'S MOTHER BOASTED THAT SHE WAS MORE BEAUTIFUL THAN ANY SEA NYMPH.
- 35. Medea: HELPED JASON FACE THE CHALLENGE OF KING AEETES. HELPED HIM FIND THE GOLDEN FLEECE.
- 36. Hades: RULER OF THE UNDERWORLD, BROTHER TO ZEUS, KIDNAPPS PERSEPHONE AND TAKES HER AS A BRIDE, CAUSING THE CHANGING SPRING AND SUMMER TO FALL AND WINTER.
- 37. Athena: THE GODDESS OF WISDOM AND WAR
- 38. Eros: SON OF APHRODITE, GOD OF LOVE
- 39. Danae: PERSEUS' MOTHER, LOCKED UP IN A ROOM TO PREVENT HER FROM GETTING PREGNANT AFTER IT WAS PROPHECIED THAT HER SON WOULD KILL ACRISUIS, ZEUS COMES TO HER IN THE FORM OF A GOLDEN SHOWER AND IMPREGNATES HER. SHE GIVES BIRTH TO PERSEUS.
- 40. Aphrodite: GODDESS OF LOVE AND BEAUTY, WIFE TO HAEPHESTUS IS SOME VERSIONS.

- 41. Prometheus: ANGERED ZEUS BY BRINGING FIRE TO MAN
- 42. Pandora: BRINGS EVIL TO THE WORLD BY OPENING A BOX THAT ZEUS INSTRUCTED HER NOT TO OPEN.

43. Medusa: A SNAKE-HAIRED GORGON WHO IS ABLE TO TURN MEN INTO STONE.

44. Rhea: ZEUS'S MOTHER, HID HIM FROM KRONOS, GAVE KRONOS STONE TO SWALLOW

45. Artemis: GODDESS OF THE HUNT, PREVENTS AGAMEMNON FROM SAILING TO TROY

46. According to Hesiod, what is the first to emerge out of Chaos? EARTH

- 47. Who buries his children in the earth? Why? OURANOS; AFRAID THEY WILL OVERTHROW HIM
- 48. Who swallows his children? KRONOS
- 49. Who led the quest for the Golden Fleece? JASON

50. Define the trickster archetype. Provide and explain 2 examples

a god, goddess, spirit, man, woman, or anthropomorphic animal who plays tricks or otherwise disobeys normal rules and conventional behavior, NEITHER SOLELY GOOD NOR SOLELY EVIL EX. LOKI, PROMETHEUS

49. The first Greek Parents / Creation of the World: GAIA AND OURANOS

The Norse: Identify the following gods/goddesses/heroes 2-3 facts about them. 50. Ymir: FIRST CREATURE, GIANT, EARTH MADE FROM HIS BODY PARTS

51. Frost giants: JOTARS, PRINCIPLE ENEMIES OF THE AESIR RACE OF GODS

52. Yggdrasil: ASH TREE, SUSTAINING FORCE OF THE UNIVERSE,

53. Odin: SUPREME NORSE GOD, RULER OF DEATH, INSPIRATION, AND BATTLE.

54. Frigg: ODIN'S WIFE, GODDESS OF MARRIAGE, HAS EVERYTHING SWEAR NEVER TO HARM HER SON, BALDUR, EXCEPT MISTLETOE

55. Ragnarok: THE GREAT FINAL BATTLE IN NORSE MYTHOLOGY THAT BRINGS ABOUT THE END OF THE WORLD.

56. Thor: NORSE GOD OF THUNDER, GOD OF PEASANTS, HAMMER-MJOLNIR, HOT-TEMPERED, TRICKED BY UTGARD-LOKI

57. Loki: SHAPE-SHIFTING TRICKSTER, FROST GIANT ACCEPTED INTO ASGARD BY ODIN

58. Asgard: HOME OF THE GODS

60. Midgard: HOME OF THE HUMANS

61. The 3 Norns: URD, VERDANDI, SKULD; TAKE CARE OF YGGDRASIL, IN CHARGE OF HUMAN DESTINY

62. The Prose Edda: MAIN SOURCE FOR NORSE MYTHOLOGY; RATIONALIZED BY SNORRI

63. Snorri Sturluson: 13TH CENTURY ICELANDIC HISTORIAN, WROTE THE PROSE EDDA

